



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

UNITED STATES.

MUNICIPAL ORDINANCES, RULES, AND REGULATIONS PERTAINING TO PUBLIC HYGIENE.

[Adopted since July 1, 1911.]

EAST PROVIDENCE (TOWN), R. I.

LODGING AND TENEMENT HOUSES AND BUILDINGS LEASED AS DWELLINGS—INSPECTION, CARE, AND MAINTENANCE.

SEC. 12. Every owner or keeper of a lodging house and every owner, lessee, and occupant of a tenement house or other building leased for a dwelling shall thoroughly cleanse all and every part of such house or building and shall also thoroughly cleanse every yard, court, passage, area, or alley connected with or belonging to the same to the satisfaction of the town council whenever, in the opinion of said town council, it shall be necessary for the health of the occupants or the public health.

SEC. 13. No vault, cellar, or underground room shall be let or occupied separately as a dwelling, nor in a tenement or lodging house as a place of lodging or sleeping. A cellar shall mean any basement or lower story of any building or house of which one-half or more of the height from the floor to the ceiling is below the level of the ground adjoining.

SEC. 14. No owner of any building or part thereof shall lease or let or hire out the same or any part thereof to be occupied by any person, or allow the same to be occupied if said building or any part thereof shall be inadequate or defective in respect to strength, protection, ventilation, light, sewerage, or to any other usual, proper, or necessary provision or precaution for the security of life and health, nor unless said building and every part thereof shall be in all respects in a condition of cleanliness or wholesomeness.

SEC. 15. The town council may order the vacation of any building when satisfied that it is unfit for a dwelling, because infected or because in any way dangerous to the health of the occupants. A notice of such vacation must be served on the occupants of such building, and also served on the owner, agent, or lessee. And such notices shall be served by any police constable of the town. And if the person or persons so notified, or any of them, shall neglect or refuse to remove from and quit such building within the time specified in the notice the health officer is hereby authorized and empowered forcibly to remove them when so ordered by the town council.

SEC. 16. For purposes of sanitary inspection, the health officer, and every person authorized by him, shall have free access to any part of every building and premises within the town.

[From ch. 4 of an ordinance adopted Aug. 2, 1911.]

ELGIN, ILL.

MEDICINE SAMPLES—DISTRIBUTION OF.

SECTION 1. No person shall be permitted to give away, deposit, or otherwise distribute any sample package, parcel, box, or other quantity of any nostrum, proprietary medicine, or other material of an alleged medicinal character or claiming to be a curative agency by means of depositing or leaving same in any hallway, private area, or yard, or on any street, alley, or public ground in the city.

SEC. 2. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall be fined not less than \$5 nor more than \$50 for each offense.

[Ordinance adopted Sept. 30, 1911.]